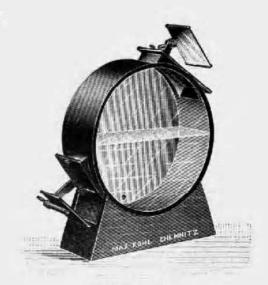
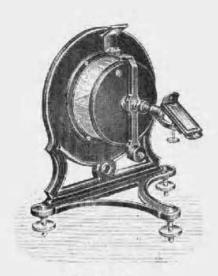


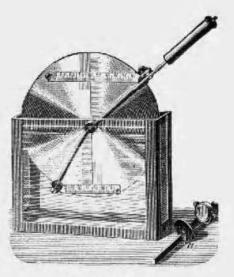
53 850. 1:7.



53 851. 1:6.



53 852. 1:6.



53 853, 1:5

* 53,850. Light-Refraction Apparatus, after Tyndall (Tyndall's Drum), Figure, for objective demonstration (M. P. II, 1, Fig. 31 [26])	£. s. d. 2. 0.0
A cylindrical metal vessel 300 mm diameter can rotate about a polished wood base. In front of a gap a mirror is fitted with the aid of which a ray of light may be made to penetrate at various angles, according to the rotation of the vessel. The water is coloured with a fluorescent liquid; the air space being filled with smoke.	
* 53,851. — i d e m, F i g u r e, with a second Mirror and Gap underneath, for total reflection	2, 10, 0
*53,852. Light-Refraction Apparatus after Mach, Figure (M. P. 8th Edu., H. 1, Figs. 64 and 65; Carls Repertorium 7, 1871)	3. 0.0
The illustration shows the apparatus from the back, with the device for reflecting the luminous pencil. The front of the vessel is glazed.	
* 53,853. Apparatus for Determining the Refractive Indices of Liquids, after Blümel, Figure (Ztschr. f. d. phys. u. chem. U. 2, 1888/9, p. 163)	2. 8.0
The apparatus consists of a vessel with plate glass walls, and a graduated disk of German silver, about the centre of which 2 levers can rotate. Two rules permit of reading the sine of the incident and refractive angle. The apparatus is arranged for subjective and objective demonstration.	